0 PTS

Find the general solution of
$$y'' - y'' + y' - y = x + 4\cos x$$
.

$$r^{3} - r^{4} + r - 1 = 0$$

$$r'(r - 1) + (r - 1) = 0$$

$$y'' = 4\cos x + B\sin x + Ce^{x}(2)$$

$$y'' = 1 \cos x + Fx \sin x + Gx + H(2)$$

$$y'' = 1 \cos x - Dx \sin x + Gx + H(2)$$

$$y'' = 1 \cos x - Dx \sin x + Gx + H(2)$$

$$y'' = 1 \cos x + (-Dx + F)\sin x + G(1)$$

$$y'' = F\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Dx + F)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

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$$+ (-Dx + F)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Dx + F)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Fx - 2D)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Fx - 2D)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Fx - 2D)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Fx - 2D)\cos x + (-Fx - D)\sin x$$

$$+ (-Fx - 3D)\cos x + (-2F + Fx + D - Dx)\cos x$$

$$+ (-Fx - 3D)\cos x + (-2F + Fx + D - Dx)\cos x$$

$$+ (0x - 3F + Fx + 2D - Dx + F - Fx)\sin x$$

$$+ G - Gx - H$$

$$= (-2D - 2F)\cos x + (-2F + 2D)\sin x$$

$$+ G - Gx - H$$

$$= (-2D - 2F)\cos x + (-2F + 2D)\sin x$$

$$+ G - Gx - H$$

$$= (-2D - 2F)\cos x + (-2F + 2D)\sin x$$

$$+ G - Gx - H$$

$$= (-2D - 2F)\cos x + (-2F + 2D)\sin x + Ce^{x}$$

$$\frac{2D - 2F = 0}{-4F = 4}$$

$$y'' = -1 (i)$$

$$y'' = -x\cos x - x\sin x - x^{-1} + A\cos x + B\sin x + Ce^{x}$$

Use elimination (as shown in lecture) to solve the system

$$(2D-4)(x)-(D-2)(y)=4e^{-y}$$

$$(D+7)(x)+(2D-1)(y)=-5e^{-2x}$$

$$(D+7)(x)+(2D-4)(x)-(D-2)(y)=-8e^{-2x}+28e^{-2x}=20e^{-2x}$$

$$(2D-4)(D+7)(x)+(2D-4)(2D-1)(y)=-20e^{-2x}+28e^{-2x}=40e^{-2x}$$

$$(D^{*}-D-2)(y)=-4e^{-2x}$$

$$(D^{*}-D-2)(y)=-4e^{-2x}$$

$$(D^{*}-D-2)(y)=-4e^{-2x}$$

$$(2D-2)(y)=-4e^{-2x}$$

$$(2D-2)(y)=-4e^{-2x}$$

$$(2D-1)(2D-2)(y)=-4e^{-2x}$$

 $y = 4\sqrt{x}$ is a particular solution of the non-homogeneous differential equation $9x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = \sqrt{x}$. SCORE: ____/ 15 PTS Solve the initial value problem $9x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = 2\sqrt{x}$, y(1) = -7, y'(1) = 5.

 $y = e^{-2x}$ is a solution of the homogeneous differential equation (2x + 1)y'' + 4xy' - 4y = 0. Find the general solution of the non-homogeneous differential equation $(2x + 1)y'' + 4xy' - 4y = 2e^{-2x}(2x + 1)^2$.

$$y_{z}^{z} ve^{-2x}$$

$$y_{z}^{z} = v'e^{-2x} = 2ve^{-2x}$$

$$y_{z}^{u} = v''e^{-2x} - 4ve^{-2x} + 4ve^{-2x}$$

$$e^{-2x} \left[v''(2x+1) + v'(-4(2x+1)) + v(4(2x+1)), (3) + v(-4x) + v(-2(4x)), (2) + v'(-4x-4)) \right] = 0$$

$$e^{-4x} \left[v''(2x+1) + v'(-4x-4) \right] = 0$$

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